

# EVALUATION OF IPV6 SERVICES FOR FUTURE AVIATION NETWORKS

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### **Outline**



- **■** Motivation
- Objectives
- **Mobile IPv6**
- VoIPv6
- **Security in IPv6 Networks**

# **Motivation**



- Lack of support for OSI standard from industry
- Evolution of ATN standards under International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO)
- Similarities between TCP/IP and ATN protocol
- Exploration of the TCP/IP protocol suite for Communication, Navigation, and Surveillance (CNS) applications
- Internet Protocol for Aviation Exchange (iPAX) Working Group (under EuroControl) experimented migration of aviation backbone infrastructure from X.25 based networks to an Ipv6 networks
- Initiatives by IETF and IPv6 Forums

# **Objectives**



- Deployment of various IPv6 services on IPv6 testbed at Computer Networks & Software, Inc. such as
  - Mobility
  - VoIP/IPv6
  - Network Security in IPv6

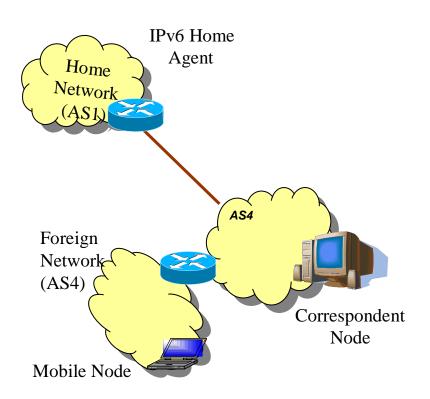
### Mobility in IPv6



- ATN and IPv4 network supports mobility over a variety of mobile subnetworks
  - to several shortcoming, complex communication process, limited IPv4 addresses
- IPv6 Protocol has Mobility as built-in feature
  - Eliminates need of foreign agent required in MIPv4 due to use of stateless auto configuration and router discovery.
  - Provides source routing for optimization of routing directly from corresponding node to the mobile node

# **CNS**

# MIPv6 - Operation and Implementations



- **■** Movement Detection
- **■** Care-of-Address Configuration
- Notification
- **■** Binding Update
- **■** Binding Acknowledgement
- **■** Binding Request

#### ■ Linux:

 MIPL Mobile IPv6 from Helsinki University of Technology (HUT) is an implementation for mobility support

#### **■ FreeBSD:**

 Based on INRIA's IPv6 code
 Monarch Project from Rice Univ.

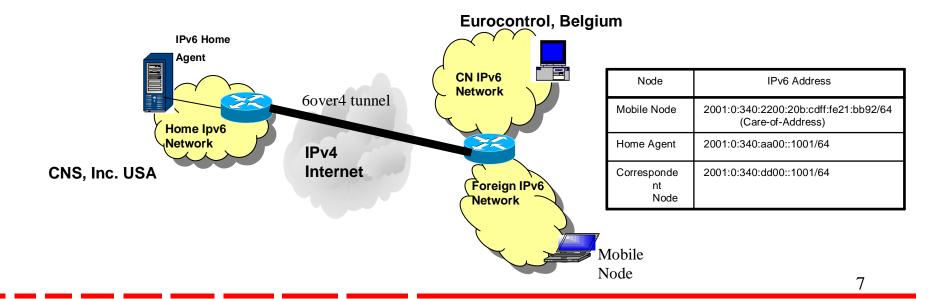
#### **■ Windows:**

Lancaster University's LandMarc Project

## MIPv6 Test Setup



- Test Mobile IPv6 over the internet with Eurocontrol
- Home agent setup at CNS using HUT's implementation
- Corresponding node (CN )setup at the Eurocontrol side
- CN reaches the Home Network (HN) through statically configured 6-in-4 tunnel
- Packet send to home address tunneled to mobile node in foreign network
- Route optimization tested packet directed to mobile node directly





# MIPv6 – Trace ouput

ICMPv6 (Request/Reply)					
1Civil vo (Request/Reply)	12 4.041044	2001:0:340:aa02:206:25ff:feab:99a2	2004:0:340:60::10	ICMPv6	Echo reply
D ( A) (	13 5.051054 14 5.051089	2004:0:340:60::10 2001:0:340:aa02:206:25ff:feab:99a2	2001:0:340:aa02:206:25ff:feab:99a2 2004:0:340:60::10	ICMPV6 ICMPV6	Echo request Echo reply
Router Advertisement ———	13 3.087318	Fe80::206:23FF:Feab:99a2	fe80::2c0:f0ff:fe31:708	ICMPA9	weighbor solicication
in fancian naturals	16 5.001160	fo80::2c0:f0ff:fo21:708	fo80::206:25ff:foab:00a2	ICMPv6	Neighbor advertisement
in foreign network	17 7.118595	fe80::202:b3ff:fe33:4cc6	ff02::1	ICMPv6	Router advertisement
	18 7.118821	2004:0:340:40:206:25ff:feab:99a2	2001:0:340:aa02::1001	MIPv6	Binding Update
	19 7.837406	:: fe80::202:b3ff:fe33:4cc6	ff02::1:ffab:99a2 ff02::1:ffab:99a2	ICMPV6	Neighbor solicitation
sinding update to home agent	20 9.108013 21 9.108045	2004:0:340:40:206:25ff:feab:99a2	fe80::202:b3ff:fe33:4cc6	ICMPV6 ICMPV6	Neighbor solicitation Neighbor advertisement
manig update to nome agent	22 9.110378	2001:0:340:40:206:2311:1040:9942 2001:0:340:aa02::1001	2004:0:340:40:206:25ff:feab:99a2	MIPV6	Binding Acknowledgement
	23 9.116579	2001.0.340.44021001	2001:0:340:aa02:206:25ff:feab:99a2	ICMPV6	Echo request
	24 9.116677	2001:0:340:aa02:206:25ff:feab:99a2	2004:0:340:40:10	MIPV6	Home Test Init
	25 9.117473	2004:0:340:40:206:25ff:feab:99a2	2004:0:340:60::10	MIPV6	Care-of Test Init
	26 9.118044	2001:0:340:aa02:206:25ff:feab:99a2	2004:0:340:60::10	ICMPV6	Echo reply
	27 9.119115	2004:0:340:40:206:25ff:feab:99a2	2001:0:340:aa02::1001	ICMPV6	Mobile Prefix Solicitati
	28 9.131295	2001:0:340:aa02::1001	2004:0:340:40:206:25ff:feab:99a2	MIPV6	Binding Acknowledgement
	29 9.133943	2004:0:340:60::10	2001:0:340:aa02:206:25ff:feab:99a2	MIPV6	Home Test
	30 9.136874	2004:0:340:60::10	2001:0:340:aa02:206:25ff:feab:99a2	ICMPv6	Echo request
	31 9.136921	2001:0:340:aa02:206:25ff:feab:99a2	2004:0:340:60::10	ICMPV6	Echo reply
	32 9.152858	2001:0:340:aa02::1001	2004:0:340:40:206:25ff:feab:99a2	MIPV6	Binding Acknowledgement
	33 9.158848	2004:0:340:60::10	2001:0:340:aa02:206:25ff:feab:99a2	MIPv6	Home Test
	34 9.163604	2004:0:340:60::10	2001:0:340:aa02:206:25ff:feab:99a2		Echo request
	35 9.163654	2001:0:340:aa02:206:25ff:feab:99a2	2004:0:340:60::10	ICMPV6	Echo reply
	36 9.170079	2001:0:340:aa02::1001	2004:0:340:40:206:25ff:feab:99a2	MIPv6	Binding Acknowledgement
	37 9.175913	2004:0:340:60::10	2001:0:340:aa02:206:25ff:feab:99a2	MIPV6	Home Test
	38 9.181634	2004:0:340:60::10	2001:0:340:aa02:206:25ff:feab:99a2		Echo request
	39 9.181669	2001:0:340:aa02:206:25ff:feab:99a2	2004:0:340:60::10	ICMPV6	Echo reply
	40 9.193994 41 9.194138	2004:0:340:60::10	2004:0:340:40:206:25ff:feab:99a2	MIPV6	Care-of Test
	41 9.194138	2004:0:340:40:206:25ff:feab:99a2 2004:0:340:60::10	2004:0:340:60::10 2001:0:340:aa02:206:25ff:feab:99a2	MIPV6	Binding Update
	43 9.199338	2004:0:340:60::10 2004:0:340:40:206:25ff:feab:99a2	2001:0:340:4402:206:2311:1040:9942	MIPV6	Home Test Binding Update
	44 9.207128	2004:0:340:40:200:2311.1eab.99a2	2004:0:340:00:.10 2004:0:340:40:206:25ff:feab:99a2	MIPV6	Care-of Test
	45 9.207259	2004:0:340:40:206:25ff:feab:99a2	2004:0:340:40:200:2311:16ab:99a2	MIPV6	Binding Update
		2004:0:340:60::10	2004:0:340:40:206:25ff:feab:99a2	MIPV6	Binding Acknowledgement
	1821 21.10736	1 2004:0:340:40:206:25ff:feab:99a2	ff02::1:ff33:4cc6	ICMPv6	Neighbor solicitation
		4 2004:0:340:40:206:25ff:feab:99a2	ff02::1:ff33:4cc6	ICMPv6	Neighbor solicitation
		1 fe80::2c0:f0ff:fe31:708	ff02::1	ICMPv6	Router advertisement
	1824 24.23567		ff02::1:ff00:1001	ICMPv6	Neighbor solicitation
		6 2001:0:340:aa02::1001	ff02::1	ICMPv6	Neighbor advertisement
Pinding undata		7 2001:0:340:aa02:206:25ff:feab:99a2		MIPV6	Binding Update
Binding update ←		6 2001:0:340:aa02:206:25ff:feab:99a2		MIPV6	Home Test Init
		8 2001:0:340:aa02::1001	2001:0:340:aa02:206:25ff:feab:99a2 ff02::1	MIPV6 ICMPV6	Binding Acknowledgement
		1 fe80::206:25ff:feab:99a2 4 2001:0:340:aa02:206:25ff:feab:99a2		ICMPV6	Neighbor advertisement Neighbor advertisement
Binding Acknowledgement		4 2001:0:340:4402:200:2311:1040:9942	2001:0:340:aa02:206:25ff:feab:99a2		Home Test
maing Acknowledgement		9 2001:0:340:00:.10		MIPV6	Binding Update
Dools in home material-		1 2004:0:340:60::10	2001:0:340:aa02:206:25ff:feab:99a2		Echo request
Back in home network		5 2001:0:340:aa02:206:25ff:feab:99a2		ICMPV6	Echo reply
	1835 26.10108	4 2004:0:340:60::10	2001:0:340:aa02:206:25ff:feab:99a2	ICMPV6	Echo request



# MIPv6 – Trace output

⊞ Frame 18 (94 bytes on wire, 94 bytes captured)

#### **Binding Update Message**

**Binding Acknowledgement** 

```
⊞ Ethernet II, Src: aa:aa:03:00:00:00, Dst: 00:02:b3:33:4c:c6
□ Internet Protocol Version 6
    Version: 6
    Traffic class: 0x00
    Flowlabel: 0x00000
    Payload length: 40
    Next header: IPv6 destination option (0x3c)
    Hop limit: 255
     Source address: 2004:0:340:40:206:25ff:feab:99a2
     Destination address: 2001:0:340:aa02::1001
■ Destination Option Header
     Next header: Mobile IPv6 (0x3e)
     Length: 2 (24 bytes)
     PadN: 4 bytes
    Option Type: 201 (0xc9) - Home Address Option
    Option Length: 16
    Home Address: 2001:0:340:aa02:206:25ff:feab:99a2 (2001:0:340:aa02:206:25ff:feab:99a2)
⊟ Mobile IPv6
    Payload protocol: IPv6 no next header (0x3b)
    Header length: 1 (16 bytes)
    Mobility Header Type: Binding Update (5)
    Reserved: 0x00
    Checksum: 0x5a0d
  □ Binding Update
       Sequence number: 0
       1... - Acknowledge (A) flag: Binding Acknowledgement requested
       .1.. ... = Home Registration (H) flag: Home Registration
       ..1. ... = Link-Local Compatibility (L) flag: Link-Local Address Compatibility ...1 .... = Key Management Compatibility (K) flag: Key Management Mobility Compatibility
       Lifetime: 2500 (10000 seconds)
  ■ Mobility Options
       PadN: 4 bytes
```

```
⊞ Frame 22 (94 bytes on wire, 94 bytes captured)
⊞ Ethernet II, Src: 00:02:b3:33:4c:c6, Dst: 00:06:25:ab:99:a2
☐ Internet Protocol Version 6
    Version: 6
    Traffic class: 0x00
    Flowlabel: 0x00000
    Payload length: 40
    Next header: IPv6 routing (0x2b)
    Hop limit: 254
    Source address: 2001:0:340:aa02::1001
    Destination address: 2004:0:340:40:206:25ff:feab:99a2
⊟ Routing Header, Type 2
    Next header: Mobile IPv6 (0x3e)
    Length: 2 (24 bytes)
    Type: 2
    Segments left: 1
    Home Address: 2001:0:340:aa02:206:25ff:feab:99a2 (2001:0:340:aa02:206:25ff:feab:99a2)
⊟Mobile IPv6
    Payload protocol: IPv6 no next header (0x3b)
    Header Tength: 1 (16 bytes)
    Mobility Header Type: Binding Acknowledgement (6)
    Reserved: 0x00
    Checksum: 0x5298
  □ Binding Acknowledgement
       Status: Binding Update accepted (0)
       0... = Keý Management Compatibility (K) flag: No Key Management Mobility Compatibility
       Sequence number: 0
       Lifetime: 58 (232 seconds)
  ■ Mobility Options
       PadN: 4 bytes
```

### VoIPv6



- SIP and H.323 based signaling for establishing Voice over IPv6 calls
- SIP and IPv6
  - Text based protocol
  - True internet based, scalable, extendable to other IP capable devices
     (e.g. gaming devices)
  - Dynamic configuration of end systems (user agents) and load balancing
  - Use of Anycast by user agents to send all SIP messages to registrar /outbound proxy
- SIP over IPv6 implementation for Linux
  - SIP Express Router (SIP registrar server, proxy)
  - Linphone and BonePhone (IPv6 User agent)

## VoIPv6 - Implementations

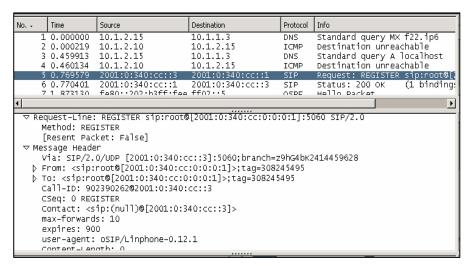


#### **Registration server**

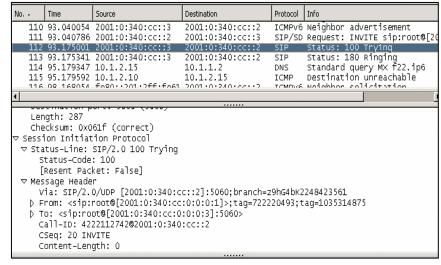
- VOCAL (Vovida Open Communication Application Library) – IPv6 incompability (perl script)
- SIP Express Router (SER) works as IPv4 and IPv6 server, reliable

#### User agents

- K-phone IPv4 with SER, IPv6 version not able to register
- Linphone IPv4.IPv6 with SER, no voice data in IPv6 (bug in RTP stack)
- 6 Voice IPv6 user agent/SIP proxy capabilities
  - JMF, JRE, SIP stack provided by Linux
- Other agents Windows messenger, LIPZ4 (IPv4, non- IPv6 compatible)



#### **Screen Shot Showing Trace of SIP Register Request**



Showing Trace of Ringing Signal Received at the Caller

### VoIPv6 – Test Setup



#### **Test 1:**

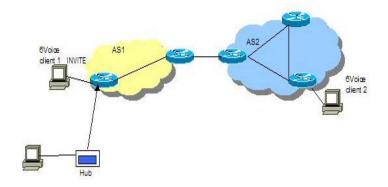
#### **Between IPv6 Networks**

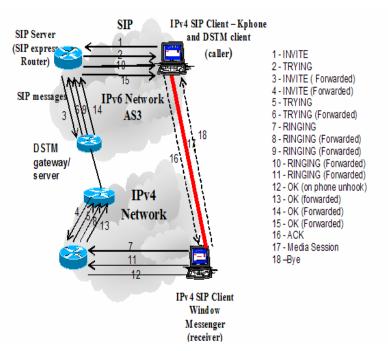
- 6 Voice setup in two domains
- Client 1 "invites" client 2
- Client 2 connected as a client of client 1
- Significant latency observed

#### **Test 2:**

#### VoIP application between IPv4 -IPv6

- IPv4 UA in IPv6 network (K-phone)
- IPv4 UA in IPv4 network (Windows Msngr)
- SIP express router as registration server
- DSTM based transition mechanism
- Acceptable latency values

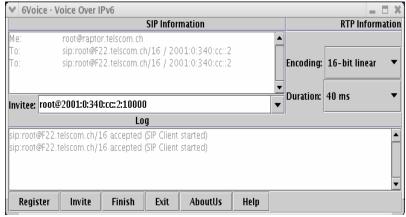




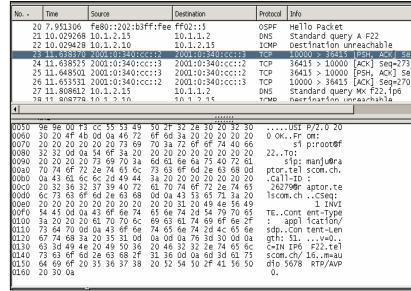
### VoIPv6 - Inferences



- SIP signaling in 6Voice carried out using TCP
- Test 1: 6Voice demonstrated successfully it was observed that there was significant amount of latency (600ms) in the voice transmission (can be attributed to JMF bugs)
- Test 2: Between IPv4 network and IPv6using SER showed latency of 100ms.
  Interoperability between UAs using SER illustrated



Screenshot of 6Voice GUI (client 1) after Connecting with the Other Client (client 2)



**Trace Showing TCP Encapsulated SIP Message Interaction** 

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## Security in IPv6 Networks

### Requirements of a secure network:

- Authentication of data
- Privacy of data
- Data Integrity
- Non-repudiation of data

The solution???

IPSec – One size fits all

### IPSec over IPv6



#### **Features**

- Mandatory in IPv6 networks.
- Security provided by means of Authentication Header (AH) and Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP).
- AH Provides integrity and authentication, no confidentiality.
- ESP Provides confidentiality and optionally integrity and authentication.
- Key exchange is via the Internet Key Exchange protocol.



## **Modes of Operation**

Two modes of operation – tunnel mode, and transport mode.

Transport mode – Security for upper layer protocols when communication is directly between the endpoints.

Tunnel mode – Security between two nodes having intermediate security gateways to unprotected networks. Entire IP datagram is secured via tunneling between the gateways.

### IPSec over IPv6

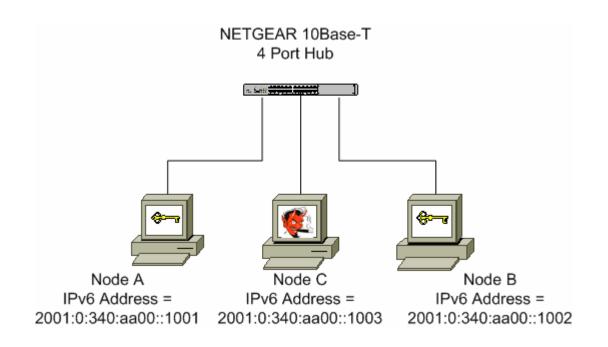


# **Security Associations**

- Parameters that need to be shared between communication entities.
- Include keys for authentication and encryption, algorithms for encryption and authentication, algorithm specific parameters.
- Specified between a specific pair of host/gateways and with a specific direction.
- Saved in two databases; security association database (SAD) and security policy database (SPD).



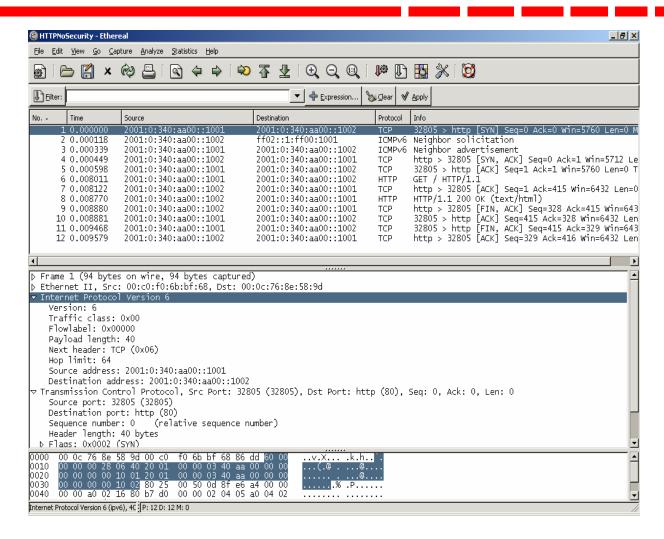
### **Implementation and Test topology**



Test topology – IPSec over IPv6 (Transport Mode)



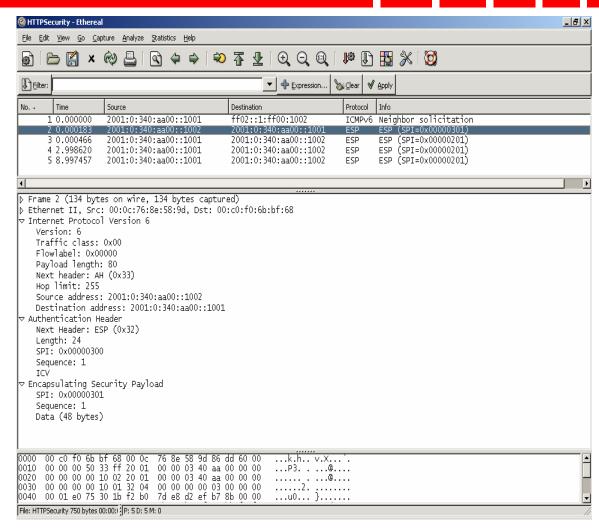
### IPSec over IPv6



Ethereal trace showing HTTP traffic with no security associations



### IPSec over IPv6



**Ethereal trace showing encapsulated HTTP traffic** 

# Summary



- IPv6 testbed helps in testing implementations that are available
- Services such as MIPv6, VoIP/IPv6 were setup based on popular implementations and analyzed
- Security in IPv6 was studied and analyzed based on IPSec